Ordinance To Amend and Reenact Chapter 5 - Animals of the City Code of Hampton, 1 Virginia By Amending: Article 1 Section 5-2, Section 5-6, Section 5-7, Section 5-8, Section 2 3 5-11, and Section 5-12; Article II Section 5-24, Section 5-24.1, and Section 5-26; Article III Section 5-37, Section 5-38, Section 5-40, Section 5-42, and Section 5-43; Article IV 4 Section 5-53. Section 5-54. and Section 5-57: Article V Section 5-77. Section 5-79. Section 5 5-82, Section 5-84, Section 5-85, Section 5-86, and Section 5-87; Article VI Section 5-100, 6 7 Section 5-101, Section 5-102, Section 5-103, Section 5-104, and Section 5-105; and Article 8 VII Section 5-106, and Section 5-108. 9 10 BE IT ORDAINED by the City Council of the City of Hampton, Virginia, that Chapter 5 of the City Code of the City of Hampton, Virginia be amended to read as follows: 11 **CHAPTER 5 - ANIMALS** 12 13 14 **ARTICLE I. – IN GENERAL** 15 Sec. 5-2. - Definitions. 16 17 18 . . . 19 Boarding kennel or establishment means a place or establishment, other than a 20 pound public or private animal shelter, where companion animals not owned by the 21 proprietor are sheltered, fed and watered in exchange for a fee, but shall not include 22 training or show kennels. 23 24 *Collar* means a well-fitted device, appropriate to the age and size of the animal, 25 attached to the animal's neck in such a way as to prevent trauma or injury to the animal. 26 27 28 Companion animals means dogs, both domestic and feral; cats, both domestic and feral; monkey and all members of the monkey family or other nonhuman primates; 29 guinea pigs; hamsters; rabbits not raised for human food or fiber; exotic or native 30 animals; reptile; exotic and native birds; or any feral animal or any animal under the 31 care, custody, or ownership of a person or any animal that is bought, sold, traded, or 32 bartered by any person. Agricultural animals, game species, or any animals regulated 33 under federal law as research animals shall not be considered companion animals for 34 the purpose of this chapter. 35 36 37 . . . 38 Housing facility or facility means a building or portion thereof as designated by the 39 State Veterinarian, other than a private residential dwelling and its surrounding grounds, 40 used to contain a primary enclosure or enclosures in which animals are housed or kept. 41 42 43 Foster care provider means an individual a person who provides care or rehabilitation for companion animals through an affiliation with a pound, public or private 44 animal shelter, home-based rescue, releasing agency, or other releasing agency animal 45 46 welfare organization. 47

48	Foster home means a private residential dwelling and its surrounding grounds at
49	which site through an affiliation with a pound, animal shelter, or other releasing agency
50	care or rehabilitation is provided for companion animals.
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52	Home-based rescue or animal rescue organizations means any person or
53	organization that accepts (i) more than twelve (12) companion animals or (ii) more than
54	nine (9) companion animals and more than three (3) unweaned litters of companion
55	animals in a calendar year for the purpose of finding permanent adoptive homes for the
56	companion animals and houses the companion animals in a private residential dwelling
57	or uses a system of housing companion animals in private residential foster homes.
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59	Home-based rescue means an animal welfare organization that takes custody of
60	companion animals for the purpose of facilitating adoption and houses such companion
61	animals in a foster home or a system of foster homes.
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65	Humane society means any incorporated, nonprofit organization that is organized
66	for the purposes of preventing cruelty to animals and promoting humane care and
67	treatment or adoptions of animals.
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71	Owner means any person who: (i) has a right of property in an animal; (ii) keeps or
72	harbors an animal; (iii) has an animal in his care; or (iv) acts as custodian of an animal.
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76	Private animal shelter means a facility operated for the purpose of finding
77	permanent adoptive homes for animals that is used to house or contain animals and
78	that is owned or operated by an incorporated, nonprofit, and nongovernmental entity,
79	including a humane society, animal welfare organization, society for the prevention of
80	cruelty to animals, or any similar organization.
81 82	Public chimal chalter means a facility anarated by the commonwealth, or any
82 83	Public animal shelter means a facility operated by the commonwealth, or any locality, for the purpose of impounding or sheltering seized, stray, homeless,
83 84	abandoned, unwanted, or surrendered animals or a facility operated for the same
85	purpose under a contract with any locality.
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89	Sec. 5-6. – Violation of chapter by animal control officer, shelter or pound
90	custodian.
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92	(a) No animal control officer or custodian of any pound or animal shelter shall (i)
93	obtain the release or transfer of an animal by the animal's owner to such animal

94 95 96 97 98 99 100 101 102 103 104	control officer, <i>humane investigator, humane society</i> or custodian for personal gain or (ii) give or sell or negotiate for the gift or sale to any individual, pet shop, dealer, or research facility of any animal which may come into his custody in the course of carrying out his official assignments. No animal control officer or custodian of any pound or animal shelter, nor any member or employee of the firm, partnership or corporation of said pound or animal shelter shall be granted a dealer's license under section 5-73. Violation of this subsection shall be a Class 1 misdemeanor. Nothing in this section shall preclude any animal control officer from lawfully impounding any animal pursuant to Article V of this chapter of the Hampton City Code.
105 106 107 108	(b) Any animal control officer or custodian of any pound who violates any provision of Chapter 5 of the Hampton City Code which relates to the seizure, impoundment and custody of animals by an animal control officer may be subject to suspension or dismissal from his position.
109	Cas 5.7 Starilization of dags and acts, enforcement, sivil nanolity
110 111	Sec. 5-7. – Sterilization of dogs and cats; enforcement; civil penalty.
111	(a) Every new owner of a dog or cat adopted from a releasing agency within the
112	city or from a releasing agency receiving funding of any kind from the city shall
113	cause to be sterilized the dog or cat pursuant to the agreement required by
114	subdivision 2 of subsection (b) of this section.
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117	(b) A dog or cat shall not be released for adoption from a releasing agency within
118	the city or from a releasing agency receiving funding of any kind from the city
119	unless:
120	(1) The animal has already been sterilized; or
120	(2) The individual adopting the animal signs an agreement to have the animal
122	sterilized by a licensed veterinarian (i) within thirty (30) days of the adoption, if
123	the animal is sexually mature, or (ii) within thirty (30) days after the animal
123	reaches six (6) months of age, if the animal is not sexually mature at the time
125	of adoption.
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120	(c) A releasing agency may extend for thirty (30) days the date by which a dog or
127	cat must be sterilized on presentation of a written report from a veterinarian
128	stating that the life or health of the adopted animal may be jeopardized by
	sterilization. In cases involving extenuating circumstances, the veterinarian and
130 131	the releasing agency may negotiate the terms of an extension of the date by
	which the animal must be sterilized.
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133 124	(d) Nothing in this section shall predude the starilization of a sexually immeture day
134 125	(d) Nothing in this section shall preclude the sterilization of a sexually immature dog
135 126	or cat upon the written agreement of the veterinarian, the releasing agency, and
136	the new owner.
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(e) Upon the petition of an animal control officer, humane investigator, the State 138 Veterinarian or a State Veterinarian's representative to the district court, the court 139 may order the new owner to take any steps necessary to comply with the 140 requirements of this article. This remedy shall be exclusive of and in addition to 141 any civil penalty which may be imposed under this article. 142 143 (f) Any person who violates subsection (a) or (b) of this section shall be subject to a 144 civil penalty not to exceed fifty dollars (\$50.00) \$250. 145 146 (g) Any agreement used by a releasing agency pursuant to subsection (b) shall 147 contain: 148 (1) The date of the agreement; 149 (2) The names, addresses, and signatures of the releasing agency and the new 150 151 owner; 152 (3) A description of the dog or cat to be adopted; (4) The date by which the dog or cat is required to be sterilized; and 153 (5) A statement printed in conspicuous, bold print, that sterilization of the dog or 154 cat is required under this article; that a person who violates this article is 155 subject to a civil penalty; and that the new owner may be compelled to 156 comply with the provisions of this article. 157 158 (h) Each new owner who signs a sterilization agreement shall, within seven (7) 159 days of the sterilization, cause to be delivered or mailed to the releasing 160 agency written confirmation signed by the veterinarian who performed the 161 sterilization. The confirmation shall briefly describe the dog or cat; include the 162 new owner's name and address; certify that the sterilization was performed; 163 and specify the date of the procedure. Any person who violates this section 164 shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed one hundred fifty dollars 165 (\$150.00). 166 167 (i) If an adopted dog or cat is lost or stolen or dies before the animal is sterilized and 168 before the date by which the dog or cat is required to be sterilized, the new 169 owner shall, within seven (7) days of the animal's disappearance or death, notify 170 the releasing agency of the animal's disappearance or death. Any person who 171 violates this section shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed twenty-five 172 dollars (\$25.00). 173 174 (j) This article shall not apply to: 175 (1) An owner reclaiming his dog or cat from a releasing agency within the city or 176 from a releasing agency receiving funding of any kind from the city. 177 (2) A releasing agency within a locality that has adopted a more stringent 178 mandatory sterilization ordinance; and 179

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- (3) A local governing body that has disposed of an animal by sale or gift to a federal agency, state-supported institution, agency of the commonwealth, agency of another state, or licensed federal dealer having its principal place of business located within the commonwealth.
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- (k) An animal control officer, *humane investigator, releasing agency, the State Veterinarian or State Veterinarian's representative* shall be entitled to bring a civil
 action for any violation of this article that is subject to a civil penalty. Any civil
 penalty assessed pursuant to this article shall be paid into the treasury of the city
 and used for the purpose of defraying the costs of local animal control, including
 efforts to promote sterilization of cats and dogs.
- 192 Sec. 5-8. Allowing animal to go on land of another and damage property.
 - (a) No person shall suffer or permit any animal belonging to him or under his control to go upon the land of another person and damage or destroy any garden, shrubs, grass or other property thereon.
- 197 (b) Any violation of this section shall be punishable by a fine of not less than twenty 198 dollars (\$20.00) nor more than fifty dollars (\$50.00). Upon a second conviction, 199 within the period of one (1) year, of a violation of this section involving the same 200 animal, such person shall be fined not less than thirty dollars (\$30.00) nor more 201 than one hundred dollars (\$100.00) and the court may order the owner or 202 custodian of such animal to remove it from the city within a period of two (2) 203 weeks, and upon the failure of such owner or custodian to comply with such 204 order, such animal shall be seized by an animal control officer or law 205 enforcement officer and euthanized or otherwise disposed of in a manner 206 consistent with normal procedures, and the owner shall be fined not less than 207 two hundred dollars (\$200.00) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00). 208
- (c) Any person owning property which is damaged or destroyed by any violation of
 this section may enter his complaint, by a warrant issued against the owner or
 custodian of the animal involved, and the complaint shall be heard by the court
 as all other complaints under criminal warrants are heard.
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217 Sec. 5-11. – Confinement of reptiles.

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219 It shall be unlawful for the owner or keeper of any exotic reptile or type of reptile 220 not native to the commonwealth, including but not limited to the American alligator, to 221 keep any such the reptile in any manner that will not sufficiently confine such reptile so 222 as to permit its escape or to knowingly permit such the reptile to run at large. Any 223 violation of this section shall constitute a Class 2 misdemeanor.

Sec. 5-12. – Disposal of dead animals and fowl generally. 225

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(a) When the owner of any animal or grown fowl which has died knows of such 227 228 death, such owner shall forthwith have its body cremated or buried or request such service from an officer or other person designated for the purpose., and, if 229 he If the owner fails to do so, any judge of a general district court, after notice to 230 the owner if he can be ascertained, shall cause any such dead animal or fowl to 231 be cremated or buried by an officer or other person designated for the purpose. 232 Such officer or other person shall be entitled to recover of the owner of every 233 such animal so cremated or buried the actual cost of the cremation or burial, not 234 to exceed seventy-five dollars (\$75.00), and of the owner of every such fowl so 235 cremated or buried the actual cost of the cremation or burial, not to exceed five 236 dollars (\$5.00), to be recovered in the same manner as officers' fees are 237 recovered, free from all exemptions in favor of such owner. 238 239 (b) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to require the burial or cremation of the 240 241 whole or portions of any animal or fowl which is to be used for food or in any commercial manner. 242 243 244 ... 245 **ARTICLE II. – AGRICULTURAL ANIMALS** 246 247 Sec. 5-24. – Location and maintenance of poultry and animal yards generally. 248 249 (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to maintain in the city any poultry or animal 250 yard within one hundred seventy-five (175) feet of any buildings used for 251 residential purposes or within two hundred fifty (250) feet of any church or school 252 building; provided, however, that the person maintaining such yard may do so 253 within one hundred seventy-five (175) feet of such person's own personal 254 residence and further provided, that this subsection shall not apply to the keeping 255 of pigeons. 256 257 258 . . . 259 Sec. 5-24.1. – Location and maintenance of domestic chickens generally. 260 261 Except as specified in Section 5-24, it shall be unlawful for any person to keep 262 domestic chickens within the city without first demonstrating compliance with this 263 section and applying for and obtaining a permit to do so. 264 265

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268		(e) Shelters, pens, coops, or cages shall not be located within the required
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270		any neighboring residence or place of business.
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274		(h) Any person wishing to keep chickens pursuant to this section shall first obtain a
275		permit. Applications for such permit shall be obtained from the Treasurer for the
276		City of Hampton upon payment of an application fee of \$25 .00 . Hampton Animal
277		Control shall conduct an investigation of the information contained in the
278		application within a reasonable time and either approve or deny the permit.
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282		(k) A violation of any provision of this section shall be punishable by a fine of not
283		less than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00).
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287		(m) Council shall review this section one year after its implementation.
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291	Se	c. 5-26. – Running at large.
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293	(a)	Agricultural animals. No person shall permit any agricultural animal owned or
294		controlled by such person to run at large within the city limits.
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297		large in violation of this section shall be taken up by an animal control officer or
298		any police officer and impounded at a place provided by the city for such
299		purpose. Such animal shall be held for a period of five (5) days, during which
300 301		time the owner may redeem the animal, by proving ownership and paying the costs incurred by the city in impounding and caring for such animal. If the rightful
301		owner of the animal confined may be readily identified, the operator of the pound
302		shall make a reasonable effort to notify such owner within twenty-four (24) hours
304		of its confinement.
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309	AF	RTICLE III. – DOGS AND CATS GENERALLY
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313 Sec. 5-38. – Running at large.

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(c) It shall be the duty of an animal control officer or other officer who may find any
 dog or cat running at large in violation of section 5-38(a) and (b), respectively, to
 forthwith take the animal into custody and dispose of it in the following manner

(1) The dog or cat shall be impounded in the animal shelter for a period of not less 320 321 than five (5) days, such period to commence on the day immediately following the day the animal is initially confined in the facility, unless sooner claimed by 322 the rightful owner thereof. The operator or custodian of the animal shelter shall 323 make a reasonable effort to ascertain whether the animal has a collar, tag. 324 325 license, tattoo, or other form of identification and make a reasonable effort to notify the owner of the animal's confinement within the next forty-eight (48) 326 hours following its confinement. If such identification is found on the animal, 327 328 the animal shall be held for an additional five (5) days, unless sooner claimed by the rightful owner. If the owner or keeper of the dog or cat is known, or the 329 owner can be reasonably ascertained through a collar, tag, license, tattoo or 330 other form of identification, an animal control officer shall issue a summons 331 within twenty-four (24) hours to such owner directing him to appear in court 332 and answer charges for violation of this section. If the identity of the owner 333 cannot be ascertained at the time of impoundment, then the summons shall be 334 issued at such time as the owner shall reclaim the dog or cat. 335

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(2) In all cases under this section, the owner may, upon proof of ownership, 337 redeem the dog within the prescribed period of time as stated in subsection (1) 338 and upon proof of ownership and payment of the actual expenses incurred in 339 340 keeping the animal impounded. The fee for redeeming the dog shall be the sum of twenty dollars (\$20.00) for the first twenty-four (24) hours or portion 341 thereof and the sum of five dollars (\$5.00) for each succeeding day or fraction 342 thereof; provided, however, that the minimum payment shall be twenty dollars 343 (\$20.00). For each subsequent impoundment within a twelve-month period, the 344 owner may redeem the dog within the prescribed period of time as stated in 345 subsection (1) upon payment of the sum of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) for the 346 first twenty-four (24) hours or portion thereof and the sum of five dollars (\$5.00) 347 for each succeeding day or fraction thereof; provided, however, that the 348 minimum payment in such cases shall be twenty-five dollars (\$25.00). 349 350

(3) In all cases under this section, the owner may redeem the cat, within the
 prescribed period of time as stated in subsection (1), upon proof of ownership,
 payment of the actual expenses incurred in keeping the animal, and proof of

proper rabies inoculation in accordance with section 5-100 of the Hampton City Code. The fee for redeeming the cat shall be the sum of twenty dollars (\$20.00) for the first twenty-four (24) hours or portion thereof and the sum of five dollars (\$5.00) for each succeeding day or fraction thereof; provided,

however, that the minimum payment shall be twenty dollars (\$20.00). For each
subsequent impoundment within a twelve-month period, the owner may
redeem the cat within the prescribed period of time as stated in subsection (1)
upon payment of the sum of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) for the first twenty-four

(24) hours or portion thereof and the sum of five dollars (\$5.00) for each
 succeeding day or fraction thereof; provided, however, that the minimum
 payment in such cases shall be twenty-five dollars (\$25.00).

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367 Sec. 5-40. – Kennels limited to fifty dogs.

It shall be unlawful for any person to own, operate or maintain within the city any kennel for more than fifty (50) dogs.

372 Sec. 5-42. – Dangerous dogs; penalties.

(a) As used in this section:

"Dangerous dog" means a canine or canine crossbreed that has bitten, attacked, or 375 inflicted injury on a person or companion animal that is a dog or cat or killed a 376 companion animal that is a dog or cat. However, Wwhen a dog attacks or bites a 377 companion animal that is a dog or cat, the attacking or biting dog shall not be deemed 378 dangerous (i) if no serious physical injury as determined by a licensed veterinarian has 379 occurred to the dog or cat as a result of the attack or bite; (ii) both animals are owned 380 by the same person;, (iii) if such attack occurs on the property of the attacking or biting 381 dog's owner or custodian; or (iv) for other good cause as determined by the court. No 382 dog shall be found to be a dangerous dog as a result of biting, attacking, or inflicting 383 injury on another dog or cat while engaged with an owner or custodian as part of lawful 384 hunting or participating in an organized, lawful dog handling event. No dog that has 385 bitten, attacked, or inflicted injury on a person shall be found to be a dangerous dog if 386 the court determines, based on the totality of the evidence before it, that the dog is not 387 dangerous or a threat to the community. 388

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(b) Any law enforcement officer or animal control officer who has reason to believe
that a canine or canine crossbreed within his jurisdiction is a dangerous dog shall
apply to a magistrate of *serving* the jurisdiction for the issuance of a summons
requiring the owner or custodian, if known, to appear before a general district
court at a specified time. The summons shall advise the owner of the nature of
the proceeding and the matters at issue. If a law-enforcement officer successfully
makes an application for the issuance of a summons, he shall contact a local

animal control officer and inform him of the location of the dog and the relevant 397 facts pertaining to his belief that the dog is dangerous. The animal control officer 398 shall confine the animal until such time as evidence shall be heard and a verdict 399 rendered. If the animal control officer determines that the owner or custodian can 400 confine the animal in a manner that protects the public safety, he may permit the 401 owner or custodian to confine the animal until such time as evidence shall be 402 heard and a verdict rendered. The court, through its contempt powers, may 403 compel the owner, custodian or harborer of the animal to produce the animal. If, 404 after hearing the evidence, the court finds that the animal is a dangerous dog, the 405 court shall order the animal's owner to comply with the provisions of this section. 406 The court upon finding the animal to be a dangerous dog, may order the owner, 407 custodian, or harborer thereof to pay restitution for actual damages to any person 408 injured by the animal or whose companion animal was injured or killed by the 409 animal. The court, in its discretion, may also order the owner to pay all 410 reasonable expenses incurred in caring and providing for such dangerous dog 411 from the time the animal is taken into custody until such time as the animal is 412 disposed of or returned to the owner. The procedure for appeal and trial shall be 413 the same as provided by law for misdemeanors. Trial by jury shall be as provided 414 in Article 4 (§ 19.2-260 et seq.) of Chapter 15 of Title 19.2 of the Code of Virginia. 415 The burden of proof shall be beyond a reasonable doubt. 416

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(c) No canine or canine crossbreed shall be found to be a dangerous dog solely 418 because it is a particular breed, nor is the ownership of a particular breed of 419 canine or canine crossbreed prohibited. No animal shall be found to be a 420 dangerous dog if the threat, injury or damage was sustained by a person who 421 was (i) committing, at the time, a crime upon the premises occupied by the 422 animal's owner or custodian; (ii) committing, at the time, a willful trespass upon 423 the premises occupied by the animal's owner or custodian; or (iii) provoking, 424 425 tormenting, or physically abusing the animal, or can be shown to have repeatedly provoked, tormented, abused, or assaulted the animal at other times. No police 426 dog that was engaged in the performance of its duties as such at the time of the 427 acts complained of shall be found to be a dangerous dog. No animal that, at the 428 429 time of the acts complained of, was responding to pain or injury, or was protecting itself, its kennel, its offspring, a person, or its owner's or custodian's 430 property, shall be found to be a dangerous dog. 431

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- (d) If the owner of an animal found to be a dangerous dog is a minor, the custodial
 parent or legal guardian shall be responsible for complying with all requirements
 of this section.
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(e) The owner of any animal found to be a dangerous dog shall, within forty-five (45)
 days of such finding, obtain a dangerous dog registration certificate from the local
 animal control officer for a fee of one hundred fifty dollars (\$150.00) in addition to

other fees that may be authorized by law. The local animal control officer or 440 treasurer shall also provide the owner with a uniformly designed tag that 441 identifies the animal as a dangerous dog. The owner shall affix the tag to the 442 animal's collar and ensure that the animal wears the collar and tag at all times. 443 By January 31 of each year, until such time as the dangerous dog is deceased, 444 all certificates obtained pursuant to this subsection shall be renewed annually for 445 the same fee a fee of \$85 and in the same manner as the initial certificate was 446 obtained. The animal control officer shall post registration information on the 447 Virginia Dangerous Dog Registry. 448

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(f) All dangerous dog registration certificates or renewals thereof required to be 450 obtained under this section shall only be issued to persons eighteen (18) years of 451 age or older who present satisfactory evidence (i) of the animal's current rabies 452 453 vaccination, if applicable; (ii) that the animal has been neutered or spayed; and (iii) that the animal is and will be confined in a proper enclosure or is and will be 454 confined inside the owner's residence or is and will be muzzled and confined in 455 the owner's fenced-in yard until the proper enclosure is constructed. In addition, 456 owners who apply for certificates or renewals thereof under this section shall not 457 be issued a certificate or renewal thereof unless they present satisfactory 458 evidence that (ia) their residence is and will continue to be posted with clearly 459 visible signs warning both minors and adults of the presence of a dangerous dog 460 on the property and (iib) the animal has been permanently identified by means of 461 electronic implantation. All certificates or renewals thereof required to be 462 obtained under this section shall only be issued to persons who present 463 satisfactory evidence that the owner has liability insurance coverage, to the value 464 of at least one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000.00), that covers animal bites. 465 The owner may obtain and maintain a bond in surety, in lieu of liability insurance, 466 to the value of at least one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000.00). 467

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(g) While on the property of its owner, an animal found by a court to be a dangerous 469 dog shall be confined indoors or in a securely enclosed and locked structure of 470 sufficient height and design to prevent its escape or direct contact with or entry 471 by minors, adults, or other animals. While so confined within the structure, the 472 animal shall be provided for according to § 3.2-6503 of the Code of Virginia. 473 When off its owner's property, an animal found to be a dangerous dog shall be 474 475 kept on a leash and muzzled in such a manner as not to cause injury to the animal or interfere with the animal's vision or respiration, but so as to prevent it 476 from biting a person or another animal. 477

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(h) The owner of an animal found to be a dangerous dog shall cause the local
animal control officer to be promptly notified of (i) the names, addresses, and
telephone numbers of all owners; (ii) all of the means necessary to locate the
owner and the dog at any time; (iii) any complaints or incidents of attack by the

- dog upon any person or cat or dog; (iv) any claims made or lawsuits brought as a
 result of any attack; (v) chip identification information-; (vi) proof of insurance or
 surety bond; and (vii) the death of the dog.
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After an animal has been found to be a dangerous dog, the animal's owner shall 487 (i) immediately, upon learning of same, cause the local animal control authority to 488 be notified if the animal (i) is loose or unconfined; (ii) bites a person or attacks 489 another animal; or (iii) is sold, is given away, or dies. Any owner of a dangerous 490 dog who relocates to a new address shall, within ten (10) days of relocating, 491 provide written notice to the appropriate local animal control authority for the old 492 address from which the animal has moved and the new address to which the 493 animal has been moved. 494

(j) Any owner or custodian of a canine or canine crossbreed or other animal is guiltyof a:

(1) Class 2 misdemeanor if the canine or canine crossbreed previously declared
 a dangerous dog pursuant to this section, when such declaration arose out of a
 separate and distinct incident, attacks and injures or kills a cat or dog that is a
 companion animal belonging to another person;

(2) Class 1 misdemeanor if the canine or canine crossbreed previously declared
 a dangerous dog pursuant to this section, when such declaration arose out of a
 separate and distinct incident, bites a human being or attacks a human being
 causing bodily injury.

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509 (3) Class 6 felony if any owner or custodian whose willful act or omission in the
510 care, control, or containment of a canine, canine crossbreed, or other animal is
511 so gross, wanton, and culpable as to show a reckless disregard for human life,
512 and is the proximate cause of such dog or other animal attacking and causing
513 serious bodily injury to any person.

- The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any animal that, at the time of the acts complained of, was responding to pain or injury, or was protecting itself, its kennel, its offspring, a person, or its owner's or custodian's property, or when the animal is a police dog that is engaged in the performance of its duties at the time of the attack.
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- (k) The owner of any animal that has been found to be a dangerous dog who willfully
 fails to comply with the requirements of this section shall be guilty of a Class 1
 misdemeanor.
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Whenever an owner or custodian of an animal found to be a dangerous dog is 525 charged with a violation of this section, the animal control officer shall confine the 526 dangerous dog until such time as evidence shall be heard and a verdict 527 528 rendered. The court, through its contempt powers, may compel the owner, custodian, or harborer of the animal to produce the animal. 529 530 Upon conviction, the court may (i) order the dangerous dog to be disposed of by 531 the city pursuant to § 3.2-6562 of the Code of Virginia or (ii) grant the owner up to 532 45 days to comply with the requirements of this section, during which time the 533 dangerous dog shall remain in the custody of the animal control officer until 534 compliance has been verified. If the owner fails to achieve compliance within the 535 time specified by the court, the court shall order the dangerous dog to be 536 disposed of by the city pursuant to § 3.2-6562 of the Code of Virginia. The court 537 in its discretion, may order the owner to pay all reasonable expenses incurred in 538 caring and providing for such dangerous dog from the time the animal is taken 539 into custody until such time that the animal is disposed of or returned to the 540 owner. 541 542 All fees collected pursuant to this section, less the costs incurred by the animal (I) 543 control authority in producing and distributing the certificates and tags required 544 by this section, and the fees due to the state veterinarian for maintenance of the 545 Virginia Dangerous Dog Registry, shall be paid into a special dedicated fund in 546 the treasury of the city for the purpose of paying the expenses of any training 547 course required under Virginia Code § 3.2-6556. 548 549 (m) This section is enacted pursuant to Virginia Code § 3.2-6540(M). 550 551 552 ... 553 554 Sec. 5-43. – Unlawful care of feral cats. 555 556 . . . 557 It shall be the duty of an animal control officer or a to issue notice of 558 (b) noncompliance specifying that the caregiver has forty-eight (48) hours to 559 provide a written response including how the colony will be brought into 560 compliance within a ninety-day time period. The caregiver shall make weekly 561 progress reports to the animal control office. 562 563 564 . . . 565 **ARTICLE IV. – DOG AND CAT LICENSES** 566 567

 Sec. 5-53. – Tax imposed. (a) A license tax is hereby imposed on dogs and cats required to be licensed under this article in the following amounts: (1) Male or female dog or cat \$10.00 (2) Unsexed dog or cat (neutered or spayed)\$4.00 (3) Kennel for ten (10) or less dogs or cats\$30.00 (4) Kennel for eleven (11) to thirty (30) dogs or cats\$50.00 (5) Kennel for thirty-one (31) to fifty (50) dogs or cats\$50.00 Kennel to be defined in accordance with section 5-2 of the Hampton City Code for the purposes of this section. (b) No license tax shall be levied on any dog that is trained and serves as a guide dog for a blind person, that is trained and serves as a hearing dog for a deaf or hearing-
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583 impaired person or that is trained and serves as a nearing dog for a dear of nearing 584
585 impaired person. As used in this subsection, the term "hearing dog" means a dog
586 trained to alert its owner by touch to sounds of danger and sounds to which the
587 owner should respond and "service dog" means a dog trained to accompany its
588 owner for the purpose of carrying items, retrieving objects, pulling a wheelchair or
589 other such activities of service or support.
591 Sec. 5-54. – When tax due and payable.
592 593 (a) The license tax on dogs and cats imposed by section 5-53 shall be due and
595 (a) The license tax on dogs and cats imposed by section 5-00 shall be due and 594 payable as follows:
595 — (1) On January first and not later than January thirty-first of each year, the
596 owner of any dog or cat four (4) months old or older shall pay such tax.
597 (2) If a dog or cat shall become four (4) months of age or comes into the
598 possession of any person between January first and November first of any
599 year, the license tax for the current calendar year shall be paid forthwith by the
600 Owner.
601 (3) If a dog or cat shall become four (4) months of age or comes into the
602 possession of any person between October thirty-first and December thirty-first
603 of any year, the license tax for the succeeding calendar year shall be paid
604 forthwith by the owner and such license shall be valid from the date of
605 purchase.
606 (a) The license tax as prescribed in section 5-53 is due no later than 30 days after a
607 dog or cat has reached the age of four (4) months,or not later than 30 days after
608 an owner acquires a dog or cat four (4) months of age or older and each year
609 thereafter.
610 (b) Licensing periods for individual dogs and cats may be equal to and may run
611 concurrently with the rabies vaccination effective period. Any kennel license tax

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615 616 Sec. 5-57 Issuance, composition, and contents of license

January 31 of each year.

(a) Upon receipt of a proper application and the prescribed license tax, the treasurer 618 619 shall issue a dog or cat license receipt; provided, however, that no such license shall be issued, unless the applicant presents to the treasurer an unexpired 620 621 certificate, signed by a licensed veterinarian, issued pursuant to section 5-100, certifying the dog or cat to be licensed has been vaccinated in accordance with 622 the provisions of such section or is exempted as set forth in such section. Upon 623 the issuance of the license receipt, the treasurer shall make a notation of the 624 date of such issuance on such certificate and return the certificate to the 625 626 applicant.

prescribed pursuant to section 5-53 shall be due on January 1 and not later than

- (a) Any person may obtain a dog license or cat license by making oral or written 627 application to the treasurer of the locality where such person resides, 628 629 accompanied by the amount of license tax and current certificate of vaccination as required by this article or satisfactory evidence that such certificate has been 630 obtained. The treasurer or other officer charged with the duty of issuing dog and 631 cat licenses shall only have authority to license dogs and cats of resident owners 632 or custodians who reside within the boundary limits of his county or city and may 633 require information to this effect from any applicant. Upon receipt of proper 634 application and current certificate of vaccination as required by this article or 635 satisfactory evidence that such certificate has been obtained, the treasurer or 636 other officer charged with the duty of issuing dog and cat licenses shall issue a 637 license receipt for the amount on which he shall record the name and address of 638 the owner or custodian, the date of payment, the year for which issued, the serial 639 number of the tag, whether dog or cat, whether male or female, whether spayed 640 641 or neutered, or whether a kennel, and deliver the metal license tags or plates provided for herein. The information thus received shall be retained by the 642 treasurer, open to public inspection, during the period for which such license is 643 valid. The treasurer may establish substations in convenient locations in the city 644 and appoint agents for the collection of the license tax and issuance of such 645 licenses. 646
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(b) Each dog or cat license shall consist of a license tax receipt and a metal tag.
Such receipt shall have recorded thereon the amount of the tax paid, the name and address of the owner or custodian of the dog or cat, the date of payment, the year for which the dog or cat is licensed, the serial number of the tag and whether the license is for a male, female or unsexed male or female dog or cat or for a kennel. This information shall be retained by the treasurer and shall be open for public inspection during the period for which such license is valid.

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658 659 (c) The metal tag issued under this section shall be stamped or otherwise permanently marked to show the name of the city, the sex of the dog or cat and the calendar year for which issued and shall bear a serial number.

660 **ARTICLE V. – ANIMAL WELFARE**

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662 Sec. 5-77. – Cruelty to animals generally.

663 Any person who (i) overrides, overdrives, overloads, tortures, ill-treats, (a) 664 abandons, willfully inflicts inhumane injury or pain not connected with bona fide 665 scientific or medical experimentation, or cruelly or unnecessarily beats, maims, 666 mutilates, or kills any animal, whether belonging to himself or another; (ii) 667 deprives any animal of necessary food, drink, shelter or emergency veterinary 668 treatment; (iii) sores any equine for any purpose or administers drugs or 669 medications to alter or mask such soring for the purpose of sale, show, or 670 exhibition of any kind, unless such administration of drugs or medications is 671 within the context of a veterinary client-patient relationship and solely for 672 therapeutic purposes; (iv) ropes, lassoes, or otherwise obstructs or interferes with 673 one or more legs of an equine in order to intentionally cause it to trip or fall for the 674 purpose of engagement in a rodeo, contest, exhibition, entertainment, or sport 675 unless such actions are in the practice of accepted animal husbandry or for the 676 677 *purpose of allowing veterinary care*; (v) willfully sets on foot, instigates, engages in, or in any way furthers any act of cruelty to any animal; (vi) carries or causes to 678 be carried in or upon any vehicle, vessel or otherwise any animal in a cruel, 679 brutal, or inhumane manner, so as to produce torture or unnecessary suffering; 680 or (vii) causes any of the above things, or being the owner of such animal permits 681 such acts to be done by another, shall be is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. 682

- (b) In addition to the penalties provided in subsection A, the court may, in its
 discretion, require any person convicted of a violation of subsection A to attend
 an anger management or other appropriate treatment program or obtain
 psychiatric or psychological counseling. The court may impose the costs of
 such a program or counseling upon the person convicted.
- Any person who: (i) tortures, willfully inflicts inhumane injury or pain not 690 (C) connected with bona fide scientific or medical experimentation, or cruelly and 691 692 unnecessarily beats, maims, mutilates or kills any animal whether belonging to himself or another; (ii) sores any equine for any purpose or administers drugs 693 or medications to alter or mask such soring for the purpose of sale, show, or 694 exhibit of any kind, unless such administration of drugs or medications is under 695 the supervision of a licensed veterinarian and solely for therapeutic purposes; 696 (iii) ropes, lassoes, or otherwise obstructs or interferes with one or more legs of 697

- an equine in order to intentionally cause it to trip or fall for the purpose of 698 engagement in a rodeo, contest, exhibition, entertainment, or sport unless 699 700 such actions are in the practice of accepted animal husbandry or for the purpose of allowing veterinary care; (iv) maliciously deprives any companion 701 animal of necessary food, drink, shelter or emergency veterinary treatment; (v) 702 instigates, engages in, or in any way furthers any act of cruelty to any animal 703 704 set forth in clauses (i) through (iv) or (vi) causes any of the actions described in clauses (i) through (v), or being the owner of such animal permits such acts to 705 be done by another; and has been within five years convicted of a violation of 706 707 this subsection or subsection A, is guilty of a Class 6 felony if the current 708 violation or any previous violation of this subsection or subsection A resulted in the death of an animal or the euthanasia of an animal based on the 709 recommendation of a licensed veterinarian upon determination that such 710 euthanasia was necessary due to the condition of the animal, and such 711 condition was a direct result of a violation of this subsection or subsection A. 712
- 714 (d) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the dehorning of cattle
 715 conducted in a reasonable and customary manner.

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- 717 (e) This section shall not prohibit authorized wildlife management activities or
 718 hunting, fishing or trapping as regulated under other titles of the Code of
 719 Virginia, including Title 29.1, or to farming activities as provided under this title
 720 or regulations adopted hereunder.
- (f) It is unlawful for any person to kill a domestic dog or cat for the purpose of
 obtaining the hide, fur or pelt of the dog or cat. A violation of this subsection is
 a Class 1 misdemeanor. A second or subsequent violation of this subsection is
 a Class 6 felony.
- Any person who: (i) tortures, willfully inflicts inhumane injury or pain not (\mathbf{q}) 727 connected with bona fide scientific or medical experimentation or cruelly and 728 unnecessarily beats, maims or mutilates any dog or cat that is a companion 729 730 animal whether belonging to him or another; and (ii) as a direct result causes the death of such dog or cat that is a companion animal, or the euthanasia of 731 such animal on the recommendation of a licensed veterinarian upon 732 733 determination that such euthanasia was necessary due to the condition of the animal, is guilty of a Class 6 felony. If a dog or cat is attacked on its owner's 734 property by a dog so as to cause injury or death, the owner of the injured dog 735 or cat may use all reasonable and necessary force against the dog at the time 736 of the attack to protect his dog or cat. Such owner may be presumed to have 737 taken necessary and appropriate action to defend his dog or cat and shall 738 therefore be presumed not to have violated this subsection. The provisions of 739

740 741	this subsection shall not overrule Sec. 5-42, 5-42.1, or §3.2-6552 of the Code of Virginia.	
742 743 744	(h) Any person convicted of violating this section may be prohibited by the court from possession or ownership of companion animals.	
745 746		
747		
748	Sec. 5-79. – General duty of owners to provide food, water, shelter, etc.	
749		
750	(a) Each owner shall provide for each of his companion animals:	
751	(1) Adequate feed;	
752	(2) Adequate water;	
753	(3) Adequate shelter that is properly cleaned;	
754	(4) Adequate space in the primary enclosure for the particular type of animal	
755	depending upon its age, size, species, and weight;	
756	(5) Adequate exercise;	
757	(6) Adequate care, treatment, and transportation; and	
758	(7) Veterinary care when needed or to prevent suffering or disease transmission.	
759		
760	The provisions of this section shall also apply to every pound, public or private	
761	animal shelter, or other releasing agency, and every foster care provider, dealer, pet	
762	shop, exhibitor, kennel, groomer, and boarding establishment. This section shall not	
763	require that animals used as food for other animals be euthanized.	
764		
765	(b) Violation of this section is a Class 4 misdemeanor. A second or subsequent	
766	violation of subdivision A 1, 2, 3, or 7 is a Class 2 misdemeanor and a second or	
767 768	subsequent violation of subdivision A 4, 5, or 6 is a Class 3 misdemeanor.	
769		
770		
771	Sec. 5-82. – Care of animals being transported.	
772	0 .	
773	No owner, railroad or other common carrier when transporting any animal shall	
774	allow that animal to be confined in any type of conveyance more than twenty-four (24)	
775	consecutive hours without being exercised, properly rested, fed and watered as	
776	necessary for that particular type and species of animal. A reasonable extension of thi	S
777 778	time shall be permitted when an accident, storm or other act of God causes a delay. Adequate space in the primary enclosure within any type of conveyance shall be	
778 779	provided each animal depending upon the particular type and species of animal. No	
780	person shall import into the Gcommonwealth, nor export from the Gcommonwealth, fo	r
781	the purpose of sale or offering for sale any dog or cat under the age of eight (8) weeks	
782	without its dam. Violation of this section shall be punishable as a Class 1 misdemeand	
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Sec. 5-84. – Sale, etc., of unweaned or certain immature animals prohibited.

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(a) No person shall sell, raffle, or offer for sale as pets or novelties, or offer or give 788 789 as a prize, premium, or advertising device any living chicks, ducklings, or other fowl under two (2) months old in quantities of less than six (6) or any unweaned 790 mammalian companion animal or any dog or cat under the age of seven (7) 791 weeks without its dam or queen, or any cat under the age of seven (7) weeks 792 without its queen. Dealers may offer immature fowl, unweaned mammalian 793 companion animals, dogs or cats under the age of seven (7) weeks for sale as 794 pets or novelties with the requirement that prospective owners take possession 795 of the animals only after fowl have reached two (2) months of age, mammalian 796 companion animals have been weaned, and dogs and cats are at least seven (7) 797 weeks of age. Nothing in this section shall prohibit the sale of an unweaned 798 799 animal (i) as food for other animals or (ii) with the lactating dam or queen or a lactating surrogate dam or gueen that has accepted the animal; (iii) due to a 800 concern for the health or safety of the unweaned animal; or (iv) to animal control, 801 a public or private animal shelter, or a veterinarian. 802 803

- Dealers shall provide all dogs and cats with current vaccinations against (b) 804 contagious and infectious diseases, as recommended in writing and considered 805 appropriate for the animal's age and breed by a licensed veterinarian, or 806 pursuant to written recommendations provided by the manufacturer of such 807 vaccines at least five days before any new owner takes possession of the animal. 808 For dogs, the vaccinations required by this subsection shall include at a minimum 809 canine distemper, adenovirus type II parainfluenza, and parvovirus. For cats, the 810 vaccinations required by this subsection shall include at a minimum 811 rhinotracheitis, calicivirus, and panleukopenia. Dealers shall provide the new 812 owner with the dog's or cat's immunization history. 813
- 814 815

(c) A violation of this section is punishable as a Class 3 misdemeanor.

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Sec. 5-85. – Misrepresentation of animal's condition.

No person shall misrepresent the physical condition of any animal at the animal's 819 sale, trade, delivery or other method of transfer. For the purposes of this section, 820 misrepresentation shall include selling, trading, delivering or otherwise transferring an 821 822 animal to another person with the knowledge that the animal has an infection, communicable disease, parasiteic infestation, abnormality or other physical defect that 823 is not made known to the person receiving the animal. However, The sale of an 824 agricultural animal that has external or internal parasites that are not made known to the 825 person receiving the animal shall not be a violation of this section unless the animal is 826 clinically ill or debilitated due to such parasites at the time of sale, trade, delivery or 827 828 transfer of the animal. A violation of this section shall be punishable as a Class 3 misdemeanor. 829

- 831 Sec. 5-86. Investigation of complaint of violation of article; corrective action.
- 832

Upon receiving a complaint of a suspected violation of this article, the an animal 833 (a) control officer, any law-enforcement officer or an approved humane investigator 834 may, for the purpose of investigating the allegations of the complaint, enter upon 835 the premises of any pet shop or dealer in companion animals and, upon 836 obtaining a proper warrant, upon any other premises where the animal or 837 animals described in the complaint are housed or kept. Law-enforcement officials 838 shall provide such assistance as may be required in the conduct of such 839 investigation. 840

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(b) If the investigation provided for in this section discloses that a violation of this
article has occurred, the investigator shall notify the owner or custodian of the
complaint and of what action is necessary to comply with this article. The
owner or custodian shall have a maximum of forty-eight (48) hours in which to
take corrective action. If, at the end of that period, corrective action has not
been taken, legal action shall be instituted.

- (c) This section shall not apply to section 5-77 and investigations and
 prosecutions for violations of that section shall be handled as they are for
 violations of other ordinances of the city.
- 852 (a) Upon receiving a complaint of a suspected violation of this chapter, any 853 854 ordinance enacted pursuant to this chapter or any law for the protection of domestic animals, any animal control officer, law-enforcement officer, or State 855 Veterinarian's representative may, for the purpose of investigating the allegations 856 of the complaint, enter upon, during business hours, any business premises, 857 including any place where animals or animal records are housed or kept, of any 858 dealer, pet shop, groomer, or boarding establishment. Upon receiving a 859 complaint of a suspected violation of any law or ordinance regarding care or 860 treatment of animals or disposal of dead animals, any humane investigator may, 861 for the purpose of investigating the allegations of the complaint, enter upon, 862 863 during business hours, any business premises, including any place where animals or animal records are housed or kept, of any dealer, pet shop, groomer, 864 or boarding establishment. 865
- Upon obtaining a warrant as provided for in § 3.2-6568 of the Code of Virginia,
 the law-enforcement officer, animal control officer, State Veterinarian's
 representative, or humane investigator may enter upon any other premises
 where the animal or animals described in the complaint are housed or kept.
 Attorneys for the Commonwealth and law-enforcement officials shall provide
 such assistance as may be required in the conduct of such investigations.
- 872

(b) If the investigation discloses that a violation of Sec. 5-79 has occurred, the
 investigating official shall notify the owner or custodian of the complaint and of
 what action is necessary to comply with this chapter.

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Sec. 5-87. – Impoundment of threatened, neglected, etc.

879 When an approved humane investigator, any law-enforcement officer, an animal control officer or a licensed veterinarian finds that an apparent violation of this article 880 has rendered an animal in such condition as to constitute a direct and immediate threat 881 to its life, safety or health, which the owner or custodian has failed or refuses to remedy, 882 or finds an abandoned, neglected or cruelly treated animal or one that is unfit for use, 883 such approved humane officer, law-enforcement officer, animal control officer or 884 licensed veterinarian may take charge of and impound the animal in a facility which will 885 provide the elements of good care set forth in section 5-79 and shall then proceed to 886 take such steps as are required to dispose of the animal pursuant to section 5-88. 887 888

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891 ARTICLE VI. – RABIES CONTROL

893 Sec. 5-100. – Vaccination of dogs and cats

895 (a) The owner or custodian of all dogs and domesticated cats four (4) months of age and older shall have them currently vaccinated for rabies by a licensed 896 897 veterinarian or licensed veterinary technician who is under the immediate and 898 direct supervision of a licensed veterinarian on the premises. The supervising veterinarian on the premises shall provide the owner or custodian of the dog or 899 the custodian of the domesticated cat with a rabies vaccination certificate of 900 vaccination or herd rabies vaccination certificate and shall keep a copy in his own 901 files. The owner or custodian of the dog or cat the custodian of the domesticated 902 cat shall furnish within a reasonable period of time, upon the request of an animal 903 904 control officer, humane investigator, law enforcement officer, state veterinarian's representative, or official of the department of health, the certificate of 905 vaccination for such dog or cat. The vaccine used shall be licensed by the United 906 907 States Department of Agriculture for use in that species. If, however, such 908 vaccination would threaten the physical well-being of such dog or cat, the owner 909 of such dog or cat shall obtain a certificate, signed by a licensed veterinarian, certifying such fact; and the owner shall keep such dog or cat in quarantine until 910 911 the same is vaccinated. (b) Any person transporting a dog or cat into the city from some other jurisdiction 912 shall comply with the requirements of subsection (a) of this section within thirty 913 (30) days subsequent to bringing such dog or cat into the city. 914

915 (c) A veterinarian vaccinating a dog or cat as required by this section shall issue to 916 the owner of the dog or cat a certificate of vaccination showing:

917	(1) Date of the vaccination;
918	(2) Sex and breed of the dog or cat;
919	(3) The dog's or cat's weight, color and marks;
920	(4) Rabies tag number;
921	(5) Name of the owner;
922	(6) Amount and kind of vaccine injection; and
923	(7) Method of injection.
924	
925	Sec. 5-101. Report of existence of rabid animal.
926	
927	Every person having knowledge of the existence of an animal apparently afflicted
928	with rabies that is suspected to be rabid and that may have exposed a person,
929	companion animal, or livestock to rabies shall report immediately to the health
930	department the existence of such animal, the place where seen, the owner's name, if
931 932	known, and the symptoms signs suggesting rabies.
933	Sec. 5-102. Emergency ordinance requiring confinement or restraint of dogs and
934	cats when rabid animal at large.
935	
936	When there is sufficient reason to believe that a rabid animal is at large the risk
937	of exposure to rabies is elevated, the city council shall have the power to pass an
938	emergency ordinance, which shall become effective immediately upon passage,
939	requiring owners of all dogs and cats in the city to keep the same confined on their
940	premises, unless leashed under restraint of the owner in such a manner that persons or
941	animals will not be subject to the danger of being bitten thereby by a rabid animal. Any
942	emergency ordinance enacted pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be
943	operative for a period not to exceed thirty (30) days unless renewed by the city council.
944	See 5 102 Confinement or destruction of dags or ests showing signs of or
945 046	Sec. 5-103. – Confinement or destruction of dogs or cats showing signs of, or suspected of having, rabies.
946 947	suspected of having, rables.
948	Dogs or cats Any dog or cat showing active signs of rabies or suspected of
949	having rabies that is not known to have exposed a person, companion animal or
950	<i>livestock to rabies</i> shall be confined under competent observation for such a time as
951	may be necessary to determine a diagnosis. If confinement is impossible or
952	impracticable, such dog or cat shall be euthanized by one (1) of the methods approved
953	by the state veterinarian as provided in Code of Virginia, § 3.2-6546.
954	
955	Sec. 5-104. – Destruction or confinement of dog or cat bitten by rabid animal.
956	
957	Any dog or cat, for which no proof of current rabies vaccination is available, and
958	which is exposed to rabies through a bite, or through saliva or central nervous system
959	tissue, in a fresh open wound or mucous membrane, by an animal believed to be
960	afflicted with rabies, shall be confined in a pound, kennel or enclosure approved by the
961	health department for a period not to exceed six (6) months at the expense of the owner
962	or custodian in a manner and by a date certain as determined by the health director,

963 however, if this is not feasible, the dog or cat shall be euthanized by one (1) of the methods approved by the state veterinarian as provided in Code of Virginia, § 3.2-6546. 964 A rabies vaccination shall be administered by a licensed veterinarian prior to release. 965 966 Inactivated rabies vaccine may be administered at the beginning of confinement. Any dog or cat so bitten, or exposed to rabies through saliva or central nervous system 967 tissue, in a fresh open wound or mucous membrane with proof of a valid rabies 968 vaccination, shall be revaccinated by a licensed veterinarian immediately following the 969 970 bite exposure and shall be confined to the premises of the owner or custodian, or other site as may be approved by the local health department at the expense of the owner or 971 972 custodian, for a period of forty-five (45) days. If the local health director determines that isolation is not feasible or maintained, such dog or cat shall be euthanized by one of the 973 methods approved by the state veterinarian as provided in § 3.2-6546 of the Code of 974 Virginia. The disposition of such dogs or cats not so confined shall be at the discretion 975 of the local health director. 976

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978 Sec. 5-105. – Confinement or destruction of animal which has bitten person.

At the discretion of the *local health* director of a local health department, any animal that has bitten may have exposed a person shall be confined under competent observation for ten (10) days at the expense of the owner or custodian, unless the animal develops active symptoms of rabies, or expires, or is euthanized before that time. A seriously injured or sick animal may be humanely euthanized as provided in Code of Virginia, § 3.2-6546, and its head sent to the Division of Consolidated Laboratory Services of the Department of General Services, or the local health department, for evaluation.

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987 ARTICLE VII. – HYBRID CANINES

989 Sec. 5-106. – Definitions.

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Adequate confinement means that, while on the property of its owner and not 991 992 under the direct supervision and control of the owner or custodian, a hybrid canine shall be confined in a humane manner in a securely enclosed and locked structure of 993 sufficient height and design to: (i) prevent the animal's escape; or if the hybrid canine is 994 995 determined to be a dangerous dog pursuant to § 3.2-6540 of the Code of Virginia or section 5-42 of this chapter, the structure shall prevent direct contact with any person 996 or animal not authorized by the owner to be in direct contact with the hybrid canine; and 997 998 (ii) provide a minimum of one hundred (100) square feet of floor space for each adult animal. Tethering of a hybrid canine not under the direct supervision and control of the 999 owner or custodian shall not be considered adequate confinement. 1000 1001 . . .

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1003 Sec. 5-108. – Same- Application fee.

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(b) Any application for a hybrid canine permit shall be accompanied by payment of an application fee in the amount of fifty dollars (\$50.00).